

**PARLIAMENT OF INDIA**  
**(JOINT RECRUITMENT CELL)**

**EXAMINATION FOR THE POST OF JUNIOR LIBRARY ASSISTANT IN LOK SABHA AND  
RAJYA SABHA SECRETARIATS**  
**14.1.2007**

**PAPER- I : GENERAL KNOWLEDGE & CURRENT AFFAIRS, GENERAL ENGLISH AND LIBRARY METHODS & TECHNIQUES**

INSTRUCTIONS : (i) Write your Roll No(s) at the appropriate column(s) on the answer sheet. (ii) Put 'X' mark only in the correct Box like this {X}. No marks will be given for responses outside the Box. Use blue or black pen only to mark your response. (iii) In case you want to change your response to any question, fully blacken the first response like this ■ and {X} mark in the correct Box.

**Time : 75 Minutes**

**Marks : 150**

**PART - A : General Knowledge and Current Affairs**

1. **Secretary-General of UNO is**  
(A) Kofi Annan (B) Juan Somana (C) George Bush (D) Ban Ki-moon
2. **Nithari is a village in**  
(A) Rajasthan (B) UP (C) Haryana (D) Delhi
3. **Rajnath Singh has been elected President of BJP for**  
(A) two years (B) one year (C) three years (D) four years
4. **In the recent Ashes Cricket series, Australia defeated England**  
(A) 5-0 (B) 4-1 (C) 3-2 (D) 3-1
5. **Foreign Secretary of India is**  
(A) Shiv Shankar Menon (B) G. Parthasarthy (C) Nirupan Sen (D) M.K. Narayanan
6. **Deputy Chairman, Rajya Sabha is**  
(A) Najma Heptullah (B) Charanjit Singh Atwal (C) B.S. Shekhawat (D) K. Rahman Khan
7. **Recently the following personality resigned from Union Cabinet on being convicted on account of murder charges**  
(A) Navjot Singh Sidhu (B) Shibu Soren (C) Lalu Prasad Yadav (D) Taslimuddin
8. **Prof Muhammad Yunus, the recipient of the 2006 Nobel Peace Prize, hails from**  
(A) Pakistan (B) Indonesia (C) Bangla Desh (D) Libya
9. **Who among the following Test cricketers has taken 700 wickets in Test cricket?**  
(A) Murlidharan (B) Glen Macgrath (C) Anil Kumble (D) Shane Warne
10. **Recently violence erupted in the following Indian State aimed at Hindi Speaking migrants**  
(A) Assam (B) Nagaland (C) Arunachal Pradesh (D) West Bengal
11. **The following is the site for ongoing Ardh Kumbh Mela in UP**  
(A) Lucknow (B) Allahabad (C) Kanpur (D) Varanasi
12. **Commonwealth Games, 2010 will be held in**  
(A) Mumbai (B) Delhi (C) London (D) Kolkata
13. **India was placed \_\_\_\_ in the final medals tally at 15<sup>th</sup> Doha Asian Games**  
(A) 8<sup>th</sup> (B) 6<sup>th</sup> (C) 7<sup>th</sup> (D) 5<sup>th</sup>
14. **Union Home Minister is**  
(A) Pranab Mukherjee (B) Arjun Singh (C) A.K. Antony (D) Shivraj V. Patil
15. **Chief Minister of West Bengal is :** (A) Mamta Banerjee (B) Prakash Karat  
(C) Buddhadev Bhattacharjee (D) Sita Ram Yetury
16. **Capital of Lakshdweep is**  
(A) Daman (B) Kavaratti (C) Silvassa (D) Port Blair
17. **Deputy Chairman of Planning Commission is**  
(A) Montek Singh Ahluwalia (B) Ratan Tata (C) Y.V. Reddy (D) R. Chidambaram
18. **Any political party in India can be recognised as National Party if it has State Party Status in at least**  
(A) 3 states (B) 4 states (C) 5 states (D) 6 states
19. **Lok Sabha is called in session at least**  
(A) once a year (B) thrice a year (C) four times a year (D) twice a year
20. **No. of Lok Sabha seats from Maharashtra is**  
(A) 42 (B) 52 (C) 48 (D) 46
21. **As per the constitution of India, a citizen of India should not be less than \_\_\_\_ of age to become the President of India**  
(A) 30 years (B) 35 years (C) 40 years (D) 25 years

भारत की संसद  
(संयुक्त भर्ती प्रकोष्ठ)

लोक सभा सचिवालय तथा राज्य सभा सचिवालय में कनिष्ठ पुस्तकालय सहायकों की भर्ती हेतु परीक्षा  
पेपर-I

14 जनवरी, 2007

निर्देश : (i) उत्तर पुस्तिका के समुचित कालम में अपना रोल नम्बर लिखें (ii) समुचित बॉक्स में X का निशान लगाएं (iii) यदि किसी प्रश्न का उत्तर आप बदलना चाहें तो अपने पहले उत्तर को ■ इस प्रकार पूरी तरह काला करें और समुचित बॉक्स में (X) का निशान लगाएं ।

समय : 75 मिनट

अंक : 150

भाग-क : सामान्य ज्ञान और सामयिक मामले

- निम्नलिखित में से संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ का महासचिव कौन है ?  
(क) कौफी अन्नान (ख) जुआन सोमाना (ग) जार्ज बुश (घ) बन की-मून
- निम्नलिखित में से किस राज्य में निठारी गाँव है ?  
(क) राजस्थान (ख) उत्तर प्रदेश (ग) हरियाणा (घ) दिल्ली
- बी.जे.पी. के अध्यक्ष के रूप में राजनाथ सिंह को कितनी अवधि के लिए निर्वाचित किया गया है ?  
(क) 2 वर्ष (ख) 1 वर्ष (ग) 3 वर्ष (घ) 4 वर्ष
- हॉल ही में एशेज क्रिकेट श्रृंखला में आस्ट्रेलिया ने इंग्लैंड को कितने मैचों से हराया ?  
(क) 5-0 (ख) 4-1 (ग) 3-2 (घ) 3-1
- निम्नलिखित में से भारत का विदेश सचिव कौन है ? (क) शिवशंकर मेनन (ख) जी पार्थसारथी (ग) निरूपन सेन (घ) एम. के. नारायणन
- निम्नलिखित में से कौन राज्य सभा का उप-सभापति है ?  
(क) नजमा हेपतुल्ला (ख) चरणजीत सिंह अटवाल (ग) बी. एस. शेखावत (घ) के. रहमान खान
- अभी हॉल ही में किस केन्द्रीय मंत्री को हत्या का आरोपी होने के कारण त्यागपत्र देना पड़ा है ?  
(क) नवजोत सिंह सिद्धू (ख) शीबू सोरेन (ग) लालू प्रसाद यादव (घ) तसलीमुद्दीन
- प्रो. मोहम्मद युनुस जिन्हें 2006 का नोबेल शांति पुरस्कार प्रदान किया गया है, वे किस देश के नागरिक हैं ?  
(क) पाकिस्तान (ख) इण्डोनेशिया (ग) बंगलादेश (घ) लीबिया
- निम्नलिखित में से किस टेस्ट क्रिकेटर ने क्रिकेट में 700 विकेट लिये हैं ?  
(क) मुरलीधरन (ख) ग्लेन मैक्ग्राथ (ग) अनिल कुम्बले (घ) शेन वार्न
- अभी हॉल ही में निम्नलिखित में से किस भारतीय राज्य में हिन्दी भाषी प्रवासियों के प्रति हिंसक वारदातें हुईं ?  
(क) असम (ख) नागालैण्ड (ग) अरुणाचल प्रदेश (घ) पश्चिम बंगाल
- इस समय उत्तर प्रदेश के किस शहर में अर्द्धकुम्भ मेला चल रहा है ?  
(क) लखनऊ (ख) इलाहाबाद (ग) कानपुर (घ) वाराणसी
- निम्नलिखित में से किस शहर में 'राष्ट्रमंडल खेल 2010' आयोजित किया जायेगा ?  
(क) मुम्बई (ख) दिल्ली (ग) लंदन (घ) कोलकाता
- 15वें दोहा एशियाई खेलों में प्राप्त पदकों के आधार पर तैयार सूची में भारत का कौन सा स्थान है ?  
(क) आठवां (ख) छठा (ग) सातवां (घ) पांचवां
- केन्द्रीय गृहमंत्री कौन हैं : (क) प्रणव मुखर्जी (ख) अर्जुन सिंह (ग) ए. के. एन्टनी (घ) शिवराज वी. पाटिल
- निम्नलिखित में से पश्चिम बंगाल का मुख्यमंत्री कौन हैं ?  
(क) ममता बनर्जी (ख) प्रकाश कराट (ग) बुद्धदेव भट्टाचार्य (घ) सीताराम येचुरी
- लक्षद्वीप की राजधानी बताएं : (क) दमन (ख) कावारत्ती (ग) सिलवस्सा (घ) पोर्टब्लेयर
- योजना आयोग का उपाध्यक्ष कौन है ?  
(क) मोंटेक सिंह अहलूवालिया (ख) रतन टाटा (ग) वाई. वी. रेड्डी (घ) आर. चिदम्बरम्
- भारत के किसी राजनैतिक दल को राष्ट्रीय दल के रूप में मान्यता प्राप्त करने के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कितने राज्यों में राज्य स्तर का दर्जा मिलना अनिवार्य है : (क) 3 राज्य (ख) 4 राज्य (ग) 5 राज्य (घ) 6 राज्य
- वर्ष में कम से कम कितनी बार लोकसभा का सत्र आयोजित होता है : (क) 1 बार (ख) 3 बार (ग) 4 बार (घ) 2 बार
- महाराष्ट्र से लोकसभा सीटों की संख्या कितनी है : (क) 42 (ख) 52 (ग) 48 (घ) 46
- भारत के संविधान के अनुसार भारत का राष्ट्रपति बनने के लिए प्रत्याशी की आयु निम्नलिखित में से कितनी आयु से कम नहीं होनी चाहिए : (क) 30 वर्ष (ख) 35 वर्ष (ग) 40 वर्ष (घ) 25 वर्ष



22. **A dispute relating to the election of the President of India is decided by**  
(A) Election Commission (B) Chief Justice of India (C) Supreme Court (D) Parliament
23. **India is a Union of States. Executive power of Union is vested in the**  
(A) President (B) Prime Minister (C) Home Minister (D) Chief Justice of India
24. **Implementation of laws is the function of**  
(A) Legislature (B) Executive (C) Judiciary (D) None of these
25. **'Deshbandu' is the title of**  
(A) B.R. Ambedkar (B) C.R. Das (C) B.C. Pal (D) R.N. Tagore
26. **The term 'Fourth Estate' is used for**  
(A) The Press and News Paper (B) Parliament (C) Judiciary (D) Executive
27. **In 1905, Gopal Krishna Gokhale founded the**  
(A) Asiatic Society (B) Bharat Sewak Samaj (C) Brahma Samaj (D) Servants of India Society
28. **Simon Commission visited India after :**  
(A) Civil Disobedience Movement (B) Swadeshi Movement (C) Non Cooperation Movement (D) Quit India Movement
29. **The first Indian to win Nobel Prize was**  
(A) C.V. Raman (B) R. N. Tagore (C) Hargovind Khurana (D) Amartya Sen
30. **The most literate state in India is**  
(A) Delhi (B) Maharashtra (C) Punjab (D) Kerala
31. **Jnanpith Award is given in the field of**  
(A) Literature (B) sports (C) science (D) music
32. **Who was the author of 'Gita Govinda'**  
(A) Vidyapati (B) Surdas (C) Jayadeva (D) Mirabai
33. **Which part of the human body is affected by cataract?**  
(A) Ears (B) Eyes (C) Nose (D) Throat
34. **Who abolished 'Sati Pratha' and 'Child marriage'?**  
(A) G.K. Gokhle (B) Swami Dayanand (C) Raja Ram Mohan Roy (D) Swami Vivekanand
35. **Who discovered the vaccine for chicken pox?**  
(A) Edward Jenner (B) Harvey (C) Koya (D) Louis Pasteur
36. **On which river, Lucknow is situated?**  
(A) Tapti (B) Narmada (C) Ganga (D) Gomti
37. **During whose reign did Huen Tsang visit India?**  
(A) Kanishka (B) Chandra gupta (C) Harshvardhan (D) Ashoka
38. **Who was founder of Homeopathy?**  
(A) Robert Koch (B) Hahnemann (C) Einstein (D) Berliner
39. **Total number of bones in human body is**  
(A) 206 (B) 210 (C) 220 (D) 232
40. **UNO was established in**  
(A) 1942 (B) 1939 (C) 1945 (D) 1947
41. **Renal failure is a disease of**  
(A) liver (B) galbladder (C) heart (D) kidneys
42. **The famous international company 'De Beers' is engaged in the business of**  
(A) beer (B) diamonds (C) animal skins (D) coal
43. **Which one of the following is not an example of direct tax?**  
(A) sales tax (B) income tax (C) wealth tax (D) gift tax
44. **What is the name of MTNL's cellular service?**  
(A) BSNL (B) Connect next (C) Dolphin (D) Airtel
45. **The most flood prone state of India is**  
(A) Assam (B) Andhra Pradesh (C) Bihar (D) UP
46. **The Industry for which Nepa Nagar is known is**  
(A) cement (B) fertiliser (C) handloom (D) newsprint paper
47. **Solar energy is received by the earth through**  
(A) conduction (B) radiation (C) convection (D) refraction
48. **Which one of the following is the largest lake in the world?**  
(A) Lake Superior (B) Caspian Sea (C) Lake Baikal (D) Lake Victoria
49. **The religious text of the jews is named as**  
(A) Tripalika (B) Zend Avesta (C) Torab (D) Bible
50. **March 8 is observed as**  
(A) Women's Day (B) World Environment Day (C) Youth Day (D) Heritage Day

## PART - B : GENERAL ENGLISH

### I. Select the word which is closest in meaning to the given word.

51. **Expiate**  
 (A) to carry out quickly (B) to make amends for (C) to talk freely and at length (D) to send or give forth
52. **Disseminate**  
 (A) scatter (B) conduct (C) distinguish (D) deduct
53. **Surreptitious**  
 (A) shrewd (B) secret (C) subtle (D) scheming
54. **Valediction**  
 (A) conclusion (B) introduction (C) farewell (D) curse
55. **Prudent**  
 (A) industrious (B) energetic (C) active (D) cautious
56. **Arrogance**  
 (A) jealousy (B) envy (C) conceit (D) greed
57. **Immense**  
 (A) increase (B) grand (C) broad (D) great

### II. Select the word most nearly opposite in meaning to the given word.

58. **Curtail**  
 (A) abbreviate (B) withhold (C) compress (D) prolong
59. **Eradicate**  
 (A) exterminate (B) re-establish (C) destroy (D) demolish
60. **Patriot**  
 (A) citizen (B) soldier (C) traitor (D) king
61. **Plentiful**  
 (A) odd (B) scarce (C) peculiar (D) doubtful
62. **Sodden**  
 (A) dry (B) damp (C) decayed (D) dusty
63. **Gradually**  
 (A) shortly (B) widely (C) slowly (D) suddenly
64. **Sparse**  
 (A) plentiful (B) dense (C) abundant (D) numerous
65. **Knowledge**  
 (A) reduction (B) darkness (C) ignorance (D) shortage

### III. Questions 66 to 70 are the definitions of certain words, choose the correct word.

66. **A medicine to counteract poison**  
 (A) anecdote (B) antiseptic (C) antidote (D) sedative
67. **To give up voluntarily**  
 (A) avoid (B) abdicate (C) abduct (D) abandon
68. **Full of turns, twists and bends**  
 (A) torturous (B) tortuous (C) intricate (D) maze
69. **One who can use either of his hands with ease**  
 (A) amateur (B) ambidextrous (C) avaricious (D) bigot
70. **Walking in sleep**  
 (A) somnambulism (B) somniloquism (C) stoic (D) philanderer

### IV. Each of the following sentences has been divided into four parts A,B, C and D. Identify the part having an error.

71. (A) Have anybody (B) found a white (C) handkerchief with (D) my initials?
72. (A) He had just left (B) the country (C) than his father (D) died.
73. (A) I cannot (B) understand you (C) telling such (D) a deliberate lie.
74. (A) I should feel (B) safer if (C) he was to (D) accompany me.
75. (A) He is poorer (B) than them (C) but he is (D) much happier.
76. (A) We have been (B) to his house (C) no less than (D) on three occasions.
77. (A) The group was (B) quiet for a while (C) but suddenly (D) raised their voice.
78. (A) The soldiers which (B) were being sent into (C) battle had no previous (D) experience of fighting.
79. (A) Everyone had to (B) show their invitation (C) before being admitted (D) into the hall.
80. (A) None of the (B) boys were able (C) to answer (D) the question.



V. Each question consists of an idiom followed by four explanations, choose the answer which is most suitable.

81. Up in arms

(A) raise one's arms (B) run away (C) fight earnestly (D) ready to fight

82. Wild goose chase (A) a hopeless enterprise (B) chasing geese (C) to follow happily  
(D) chasing anything swiftly

83. Throw cold water upon (A) treat a person with indifference (B) insult a person  
(C) cool a person's temper (D) discourage some plan or effort

84. Writing on the wall (A) sign of bad behaviour (B) sign of bad manners (C) sign of coming event  
(D) sign of good fortune

85. A dark horse (A) A black horse (B) an unexpected piece of luck (C) a person with  
unsuspected talents (D) an animal which runs very fast

VI. Fill in the blanks with the correct preposition from among the four choices given below each sentences

86. After the cinema they returned to the house \_\_\_\_ their parents did.

(A) while (B) before (C) through (D) since

87. His family prevailed \_\_\_\_ him to accept the job.

(A) above (B) upon (C) over (D) beyond

88. He did not wish to go out \_\_\_\_ of the rain.

(A) except (B) while (C) because (D) since

89. He was undecided \_\_\_\_ to go or not.

(A) unless (B) until (C) whether (D) that

90. They swam about in the river \_\_\_\_ it was time for lunch.

(A) if (B) as (C) till (D) while

VII. Fill in the blanks with the correct word from among the four choices given below each sentence.

91. After everyone \_\_\_\_ his seat the play began.

(A) had taken (B) were taken (C) has taken (D) is taken

92. He arrived at the stop just as it \_\_\_\_.

(A) will be closed (B) was closing (C) is closed (D) will be closing

93. If I \_\_\_\_ you were coming, I would have prepared something special.

(A) had been knowing (B) had known (C) have known (D) have been knowing

94. She would not have broken her ankle if she \_\_\_\_ slipped.

(A) has not (B) was not (C) would not (D) had not

95. If the car attendant had not been careless, the fire \_\_\_\_.

(A) would never have started (B) have never started (C) would have started never  
(D) will never be starting

VIII. Each of the sentences below contains an underlined part. Four possible substitutions are given for the underlined portion. Select the best alternative.

96. He was diseased with blindness.

(A) effected (B) afflicted (C) injured (D) infected

97. The authorities refuse to accept any claim for loss of property.

(A) negligence (B) demands (C) risk (D) liability

98. They did not listen to their parents' advice and suffered as a result.

(A) heed (B) prepare (C) obeyed (D) watch

99. He refused to lend the servant money as the latter had ill-treated his generosity.

(A) discarded (B) disposed (C) devalued (D) abused

100. The drink was rather weak as it had been distilled with a great deal of water.

(A) dissolved (B) instilled (C) diluted (D) infused

## PART – C Library Methods and Techniques

101. **Which of the following statements about PARLINE Database is incorrect-** (A) It provides a brief description of Parliaments around the world (B) It is a Database developed by Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (C) It is a Database developed by the Parliament of India (D) It provides general information on Parliaments, Electoral System, result of recent elections, etc.
102. **What does IFLA stand for -**  
(A) International Federation of Library Associations (B) Indian Federation of Library Associations  
(C) International Forum for Library Associations (D) International Forum for Legislative Associations
103. **Which of the following did not make recommendations with regard to Libraries**  
(A) Radhakrishnan Commission (B) Kothari Commission (C) Ray Committee (D) Sarkaria Commission
104. **"Law of Scattering" was formulated by -**  
(A) Dr. S.R. Ranganathan (B) S.C. Bradford (C) A.J. Lotka (D) B.C. Brookes
105. **Uniterm Indexing System was invented by -** (A) Allen Kent (B) Mortimer Taube  
(C) Calvin N Mooers (D) H.P. Luhn
106. **Who among the following does not belong to the field of Library Science-** (A) Prof. P.N. Kaula  
(B) Dr. S.R. Ranganathan (C) Charles Dickens (D) Melvil Dewey
107. **Which one of the following does not come under House Keeping Activities in a Library**  
(A) Acquisition (B) Circulation Control (C) Cataloguing (D) Printing
108. **Who conceptualised 'Library in a Desk'?**  
(A) Robert Landau (B) Melvil Dewey (C) Asa Don Dickinson (D) S.C. Bradford
109. **Microimages can be recorded in the following microforms, excluding one-**  
(A) Microfilm (B) Microfiche (C) Ultrafiche (D) Macrofilm
110. **What type of notations are used in CC (Colon Classification)-**  
(A) Mixed (B) Pure (C) Multiple (D) None of these
111. **The author of 'Five Laws of Library Science' is -**  
(A) Engene Garfield (B) Pauline Atherton (C) Michael Gorman (D) S.R. Ranganathan
112. **DIALOG is a –** (A) Software (B) Interactive website (C) National Computer Network  
(D) Information Retrieval Service
113. **Who is considered the 'Father of Library Science in India'** (A) Dr. S.R. Ranganathan  
(B) Dr. Valega Venkatappaiah (C) Prof. S. Das Gupta (D) Prof. S. Bashiruddin
114. **Who introduced Dewey Decimal Classification in India -**  
(A) Prof. P.N. Kaula (B) Dr. S.R. Ranganathan (C) Prof. W. Boyd Rayward (D) Asa Don Dickinson
115. **Which of the following is the National Library of the USA -**  
(A) The Library of Congress (B) The Library of Senate  
(C) The American National Library (D) The National Library of Washington, D.C.
116. **A computer network set up by the National Informatics Centre in India is known as -**  
(A) TYMNET (B) TELENET (C) NICNET (D) COMNET
117. **One of the following Services is not provided by the Libraries –** (A) Reference Services  
(B) Research Services (C) Retrieval Services (D) Telecasting Services
118. **Who devised Colon Classification -** (A) Melvil Dewey (B) Prof. M.A. Gopinath  
(C) Asa Don Dickinson (D) Prof. S.R. Ranganathan
119. **How many editions of DDC have been published so far -** (A) 20 (B) 21 (C) 22 (D) 23
120. **Which of the following is not a component of Matter Facet -**  
(A) Matter Property (B) Matter Method (C) Matter Material (D) Matter Subject
121. **Who is known as the 'Architect of Public Library Movement in India'-** (A) Dr. S.R. Ranganathan  
(B) Prof. P.N. Kaula (C) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan (D) Padmashri I.V. Ramanayya
122. **KARDEX System is devised for -** (A) Keeping records of maps (B) Keeping records of periodicals  
(C) Keeping records of books (D) Keeping records of manuscripts
123. **LARRDIS stands for -** (A) Library Association of Reference, Research, Documentation and Information Services  
(B) Legislative Association of Reference, Research, Documentation and Information Services  
(C) Library, Reference, Records, Documentation and Information Service (D) Library, Reference, Research, Documentation and Information Service
124. **Which one of these is not a National Library -**  
(A) The British Library (B) The Library of Congress (C) The National Council of Educational Research and Training (D) The National Library of India, Calcutta
125. **KWC indexing system comes under category of -**  
(A) Pre coordinate Indexing System (B) Post coordinate Indexing System  
(C) Chain Indexing System (D) Hyper Indexing System



126. **Data Base Management System (DBMS) consists of the following, except one** - (A) Source data  
(B) Database administrator (C) COBOL (D) User Profiles
127. **Common Isolates in DDC are called –** (A) View point numbers (B) Form Divisions  
(C) Standard Sub divisions (D) Auxiliary tables
128. **In the context of CDS/ISIS full form of FST is -**  
(A) First Standard Table (B) First Select Table  
(C) Field Standard Table (D) Field Select Table
129. **Which among the following falls under the five fundamental categories-**  
(A) PMEST (B) PMSST (C) PMETE (D) ABDEC
130. **Parliament Library is a –** (A) Public Library (B) National Library (C) Academic Library  
(D) None of these
131. **Which one of the following is not a specialised data bank -**  
(A) INLS (B) UNISIST (C) NISSAT (D) GAIL
132. **PARLIS stands for -**(A) Parliament Information System (B) Parliament Library Information System  
(C) Parliamentary International System (D) Parliament Information Technology Service
133. **Who was the Founder of Delhi Library Association, established in 1953 -** (A) Prof. P.N. Kaula (B) Dr. S.R. Ranganathan (C) Prof. M.A. Gopinath (D) Prof. S. Bashiruddin
134. **Prof. P.N. Kaula's works on Classification include -** (A) How to use your Classification Scheme (1963)  
(B) Analytico-Synthetic Classification (1964) (C) A Treatise on Colon Classification (1985)  
(D) All of these
135. **Which one among the following is the oldest Library -**  
(A) The Library of Congress (B) The British House of Commons Library  
(C) The Parliament Library, India (D) The Parliamentary Library, Australia
136. **The full form of DVD is -** (A) Digital Versatile Disk (B) Digital Value Disk (C) Digital Virtual Disk  
(D) Digital Volume Disk
137. **Who constitutes the Library Committee of Parliament -**  
(A) Speaker, Lok Sabha (B) Deputy Speaker, Lok Sabha  
(C) Deputy Chairman, Rajya Sabha (D) Chairman, Rajya Sabha
138. **The Parliament Library caters to the requirements of –**  
(A) Members of Lok Sabha only (B) Members of Lok Sabha as well as Rajya Sabha (C) Members of Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha and State Legislatures (D) Members of Rajya Sabha
139. **The New Parliament Library Building is known as -**  
(A) Sansadiya Gyanpeeth (B) Sansadiya Vidyapeeth  
(C) Sansadiya Gyanmandal (D) Sansadiya Gyanalaya
140. **OPAC refers to –** (A) On-line Public Access Catalog (B) Open Public Access Catalog  
(C) Open Parliamentary Access Catalog (D) On-line Parliamentary Access Centre
141. **American Centre Library is an integral part of the -**  
(A) United States Congressional Service (B) United States Senate Service  
(C) United States Information Service (D) None of these
142. **"An Introduction to Library Science" written in 1933 was authored by -** (A) Lee Pierce Butler  
(B) Thomas Reiding (C) Edmond Hammers (D) Walter Sutherland
143. **Which one of these is not a National Library -** (A) The National Science Library at the INSDOC  
(B) The National Medical Library, Ministry of Health (C) The Khudabax Oriental Library, Patna  
(D) The Delhi University Library
144. **BLAISE refers to -** (A) British Library Automated Information Service (B) Big Libraries Information Services  
(C) British Legislative Information Services (D) British Library Association and Information Services
145. **Which of these are also known as Copyright or legal deposit Libraries -**  
(A) Legal Libraries (B) Law Department Libraries (C) Legal Lexicon Libraries (D) National Libraries
146. **Which system(s) are mostly used in Indian Libraries -** (A) Dewey Decimal Classification  
(B) Colon Classification (C) Universal Classification (D) All of these
147. **Which one of the following functions is not performed by a Public Library -**  
(A) To provide free and direct access to tools of information and education  
(B) To serve as an instrument of informal self-education (C) To preserve materials of local/regional cultural heritage (D) To serve as an instrument of formal education
148. **Who among the following developed the method of 'Facet Analysis' -**  
(A) Jesse Shera (B) James Perry (C) F.W. Lancaster (D) Dr. S.R. Ranganathan
149. **The CDS/ISIS refers to -**  
(A) Database (B) Training Programme (C) Networking System (D) None of these
150. **Who has said about Melvil Dewey that he "Puck-like put a girdle round the earth with his damned dots ...and with his library methods were carried from Albany to Antipodes" -**  
(A) Ernest A Savage (B) Joel C Downing (C) Lloyd P Smith (D) W Boyd Rayward